bullying in the workplace

Bullying is repeated unreasonable behaviour directed toward an employee or group of employees that creates a risk to the psychological or physical health or safety of the employee/s. Bullying can occur by a single person or a group of people. It can be direct or indirect, physical or psychological, and it need not be intentional. Effects of bullying include physical and psychological symptoms.

Nurses and midwives are commonly exposed to bullying behaviours because they are often employed at workplaces that have systems and organisational structures in place that are well recognised as exacerbating the risk of bullying.

It is the policy of the Australian Nursing Federation that:

1. Workplace bullying is a serious health and safety hazard affecting nurses and midwives.

2. Nurses and midwives have a right to be protected against bullying in the workplace. Bullying in the workplace is unacceptable and will not be tolerated.

3. Bullying is a health and safety hazard, and the ANF is committed to the prevention of bullying using a risk management approach. This means that where the risk of bullying occurring is identified, the hierarchy of control must be followed in the control of the hazard, i.e. the risk must be eliminated, or if this is not reasonably practicable, reduced.

4. The ANF encourages all who experience or witness bullying behaviour in the workplace to report all instances of bullying.

5. The ANF expects all employers of nurses and midwives to take appropriate measures to prevent bullying in the workplace, or if it is reported, to take appropriate measures to address it and prevent it from recurring.

6. Employers have an obligation to:

   (a) provide nurses and midwives with a working environment that is safe and without risk to health, and which is free from the risk of bullying.

   (b) have written organisational policies and protocols developed in consultation with employees and managers in relation to bullying, and in particular:

       • develop and implement a prevention of bullying policy, which outlines behaviour standards, measures to prevent bullying and potential serious consequences of not complying with the policy,

       • provide incentives for, and create obligations upon, managers in relation to people management, for example via key performance indicators and contract clauses,
consult with employees and Health and Safety Committees on the development and implementation of all policies and procedures,

develop (in consultation with employees and Health and Safety Committees) specific procedures for dealing with reported instances of bullying, including independent external review processes.

(c) provide such information, instruction, training and/or supervision as is necessary in order for nurses and midwives to perform their work in an environment that is safe and without risks to health, including providing:

i. education programs for managers and employees that develop an awareness of employees’ rights and responsibilities in relation to bullying that includes an understanding of what constitutes bullying and the principles of natural justice;

ii. training (including induction and refresher training) for management and other personnel on:
   - The unacceptability of workplace bullying
   - workplace policies and procedures for prevention, incident reporting and management of workplace bullying

iii. information about support mechanisms for victims of bullying;

(d) maintain appropriate consultative and representative structures (including HSRs and Health and Safety Committees) to enable proactive and fearless reporting of incidents of bullying to both management and/or HSRs

(e) monitor workplace relations on a continuing basis to ensure that appropriate behaviours are practised; and

(f) provide processes within the workplace to give relief to victims of bullying.

6. Employees who consider they are being subjected to harassment, discrimination and bullying should:

(a) Keep a diary of incidents which are or may be considered harassment, discrimination and bullying; and

(b) Inform their employer and their ANF representatives.

7. Employees should do the following:

(a) Nurses and midwives have an obligation to follow policy and procedures relating to health and safety, including relating to aspects of workplace bullying.

(b) Nurses and midwives must take reasonable care of their own health and safety and the health and safety of other persons (employees and others) who may be affected by their acts or omissions at the workplace, in relation to bullying behaviours.

(c) Nurses and midwives must co-operate with the employer with respect to any reasonable action taken by the employer to provide a safe and secure workplace, and fulfill the employer’s duties under occupational health and safety legislation.
(d) Nurses and midwives should report to management any work-related bullying hazard or incident as soon as they become aware of it in order to enable preventative measures to be implemented.

(e) Nurses and midwives in management and supervisory positions should recognise the causes and signs of bullying behaviours by managers and other nurses/midwives and staff, and act to address these.

(f) Nurses and midwives in management and supervisory positions should also be mindful of their own behaviours and their potential effect on others.

(g) Employee non-compliance should be addressed in accordance with the workplace bullying prevention policy and procedures.

9. Employees who consider they are being subjected to bullying should:

(a) Keep a diary of incidents which are or may be considered bullying including the names of any witnesses; and

(b) Inform their employer, health and safety representative, and the ANF.

---

**Reference**

1. Note bullying is sometimes also referred to as “harassment”. “Unreasonable” means behaviour that a reasonable person, having regard to all the circumstances, would expect to victimise, humiliate, undermine or threaten. “Behaviour” includes the actions of an individual or a group and may involve using a system of work as a means of victimising, humiliating, undermining or threatening.

2. Effects include headaches, sleep disturbances, digestive problems, low self esteem, anxiety and depression, deterioration of relationships at work, personal relationships and quality of life.

3. Note employers have a right to reasonably direct and control the ways in which work is carried out in their workplace. Legitimate and reasonable performance management processes, disciplinary action and the allocation of work in compliance with relevant systems is not workplace bullying.